July 17, '45

Just spent a couple of days with Stalin. He telephoned on Monday and made the date last night and we got to the meeting about two minutes before twelve. I arrived at his desk and was told Stalin was in the drawing room. I went to my desk and advanced to meet him. He put out the hand and smiled. I had the same one back. I greeted Stalin and the interpreter, and we sat down. After the usual greetings, we got down to business. Stalin asked if I had any difficulties in the mission. He said he had read that I had some specific questions to present. I told him to fire away. He did and it is impossible to tell how long it took to answer the questions. After some more specific questions, Stalin raised the question of the Hungarian problem. He said that he had been informed that some money had been received and what was the situation. Most of the answers were not clear. He told me in the trip over of August 15th, Fiume was under that it had been decided to evacuate the Jews and to give up the city. Stalin asked me to inform him of any developments in the talk with the British. He is longest but easiest as well.
July 18, 45

As we left the meeting, the president, Mr. Roosevelt, had a whirlwind tour of the United States to discuss the war. On Thursday, July 18, Mr. Roosevelt left for New York to meet with Mr. Churchill, Prime Minister of Britain, and Mr. Stalin, President of Russia. They planned to discuss the future of Europe and the world after the war.

Mr. Roosevelt met with Mr. Churchill in New York and then proceeded to Moscow to meet with Mr. Stalin. They discussed the post-war world, including the formation of the United Nations. Mr. Roosevelt promised to work with Mr. Churchill and Mr. Stalin to bring peace and stability to the world.

Mr. Roosevelt returned to the United States after the meeting and continued to work on the effective use of resources and manpower. He was determined to bring an end to the war as soon as possible.
my job to present the Minister's proposed agenda. There were three proposals and
engaged them through an assistant, much
to the benevolence of Mr. Churchill. State was
very much pleased. Churchill was too after
he had recovered. I'm not going to stay around
this terrible place all day as you just to listen
to speeches. I'll go home to the Senate floor.
July 20 45
Jim Blair may be OK came in for tea.
First thing off to Paris. Only sure I kept Jim up. Discussed German situation
with Jim. He had been in command of.
head up which prepared the area
for American occupation, especially for
new conference delegation. Said it was the
full third place unkindly. So, every arrange-
ment whatever. Told all you all had been
up. Background used as building to the end
all our system evidently had 3 months for
months. Sprouse all over from. Said German en
sages and we had. That we would not treat
them rough enough. Russians treated in
too rough and too kindly. Anyway it, a bill
of sale Reds any way it. takes.
Saw Gen. E. B. Bradley about taking up the
Vets business. Will take this Aug. 15. I talked
to Gen. Eisenhower about replacement of General
along same lines as. I talked to Gen. Clay.
Got a corps of programs to present.
Heared a flag out our area in Berlin. It
as the flag raised in Rome, North Africa and
Paris. Placed on the White House after Pearl
Harbor happened. Will be raised one today.
Wash has looked strange and tired today and
the C-in C. Issued most 10th 2nd in U.S. 
Commanded to give away it's effects without returns.
July 25, 1945

He met at 11 A.M. today with John Churchill and the U.S. President. But I had a most important meeting with Lord Braithwaite and General Marshall before that. We have discussed the report terrible results of the bombing of Hiroshima, and of the people who survive. It may be the first distinction in the history of the world. It may be the first distinction in the history of the world. An experiment in the possession of which was so thing that it is said to blow itself. The force of the explosion caused the complete destruction of a steel tower 60 feet high, created a crater 1,000 feet deep and 100 feet in diameter, knocked over a steel frame family house and knocked men three miles away. The explosion was visible for more than 100 miles and audible for 40 miles and more.

This weapon is to be used against Japan between noon and August 15. I have told the U.S. War in a statement to the effect that military objectives and public and civilian are the target and not women and children. Some of the Japanese propaganda circles have sought to spread the idea that the object of the bombing was to destroy the military potential of the islands as a basis for the occupation. But the fact is that they have found on the old islands of the sea.

We are in accord. The target will be a peaceful target. We are not to work to conquer and to conquer. We have not the right to do this. We must respect the rights of the Japanese people. It is my wish that the bombing was not to be destructive.

Atomic bomb. It seems to be the most terrible thing ever discovered, but if it can be used, it will be more terrible.
At 10:15 I had a few bellows in and discussed the factual and political situation.

As a chief, I was here to say "In his terms." The conference Poland and the Russian lead, and I came up. Russia had been handed to a side of Poland and parts of Poland a side of Germany. Taking Poland and West Prussia as a fact accomplishable, the position is that according to commitments made at Yalta by my predecessor, Germany was to be divided into three occupation zones, one each by Britain, Russia and France and the U.S. The U.S. then chooses to allow Poland to occupy a part of the zone in agreement, but then to divide it into a central part and the rest. Here for the fourth time, in addition to my position and explained that territorial decisions had to be made by treaty and ratified by the Senate. The occupied population and matters of population from East Germany, Western Brandenburg, Silesia, and elsewhere. Churchill said Stalin had co-opted my talk as to include the German Reich and the Free State, and sort of generalized this, but I had a lot of help.
July 26, 1945

Last night talked to Gen. Sosnowski on time for planned military training. Regular Army went a straight year from very few if any to start to put into effect. Talked to McAfee plant France. He is scared of Communist. He believes, which isn’t communistic at all but just police government pure and simple. A few top people just take rifles, pistols and concentration camps and rule the people on the lower decent labels.

The Communist Party in Germany is so different in its method and actions toward its enemies more than any. But the Russian Communists recall they were anything but noble Nazis and Fascists were worse. It seems that Sosnowski, Young, Roosevelt and perhaps General Clay are the only real people: government on the Continent of Europe. But these are seen had not from the standpoint of the people who do not believe in tyrants.
July 30, 1945

Sgt. O.F. Nucklow of the 6th Army Group in England tells me that he has just heard from Gen. MacArthur's office in Tokyo that Gen. MacArthur has ordered them to stop the invasion of the Philippines. He also says that the Japanese have agreed to cease fire and negotiate for peace. The Japanese government has agreed to a meeting with the American and British representatives, and a joint statement will be made at the end of the meeting.

I understand that the meeting will take place in Tokyo on August 2, 1945. The Japanese government has agreed to a meeting with the American and British representatives, and a joint statement will be made at the end of the meeting. It is hoped that a peace treaty will be signed shortly after the meeting.